



Gulf of Mexico Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin

Region: Texas

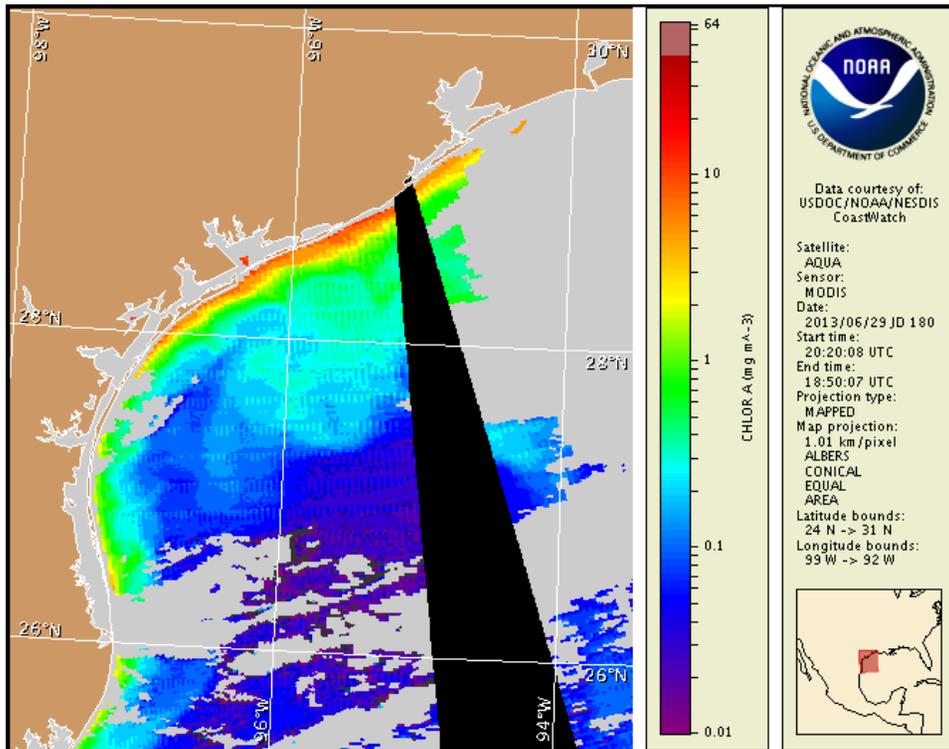
Monday, 01 July 2013

NOAA National Ocean Service

NOAA Satellite and Information Service

NOAA National Weather Service

Last bulletin: Monday, June 24, 2013



Satellite chlorophyll image with possible *K. brevis* HAB areas shown by red polygon(s), when applicable. Points represent cell concentration sampling data from June 21 to 27: red (high), orange (medium), yellow (low b), brown (low a), blue (very low b), purple (very low a), pink (present), and green (not present). Cell count data are provided by Texas Parks and Wildlife Department. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide:

http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/habfs_bulletin_guide.pdf

Detailed sample information can be obtained through the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department at:

<http://www.tpwd.state.tx.us/landwater/water/enviroconcerns/hab/redtide/status.phtml>

To see previous bulletins and forecasts for other Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin regions, visit the NOAA Harmful Algal Bloom Operational Forecast System bulletin archive:

<http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/bulletins.html>

Conditions Report

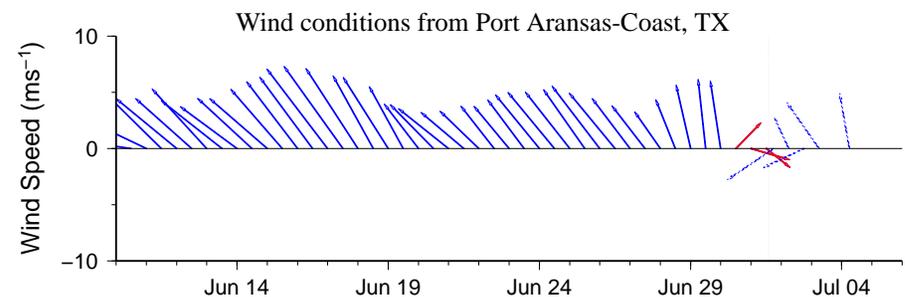
There is currently no indication of a harmful algal bloom of *Karenia brevis* (commonly known as Texas red tide) at the coast in Texas. No respiratory impacts are expected alongshore the Texas coast today through Monday, July 8. There are currently patches of a bloom of the algae *Aureoumbra lagunensis* present in the Upper Laguna Madre from the Corpus Christi Bay to Baffin Bay regions. This algae species does not produce respiratory impacts associated with the Texas red tide caused by *Karenia brevis*, but it may cause discolored water and fish kills. For information on area shellfish restrictions, contact the Texas Department of State Health Services.

Analysis

There is currently no indication of a harmful algal bloom of *Karenia brevis* at the coast in Texas. Recent MODIS Aqua imagery (6/29, shown left) is partially obscured by clouds along the Texas coast, limiting analysis. Patches of elevated chlorophyll (2-10 $\mu\text{g/L}$) are visible along- and offshore the Texas coastline from Bolivar Roads Pass to the South Padre Island region. Elevated chlorophyll is not indicative of the presence of *K. brevis* and is most likely due to the resuspension of benthic chlorophyll and sediments along the coast.

Forecast models based on predicted near-surface currents indicate a potential maximum transport of 20 km north from the Port Aransas region from June 29 to July 4.

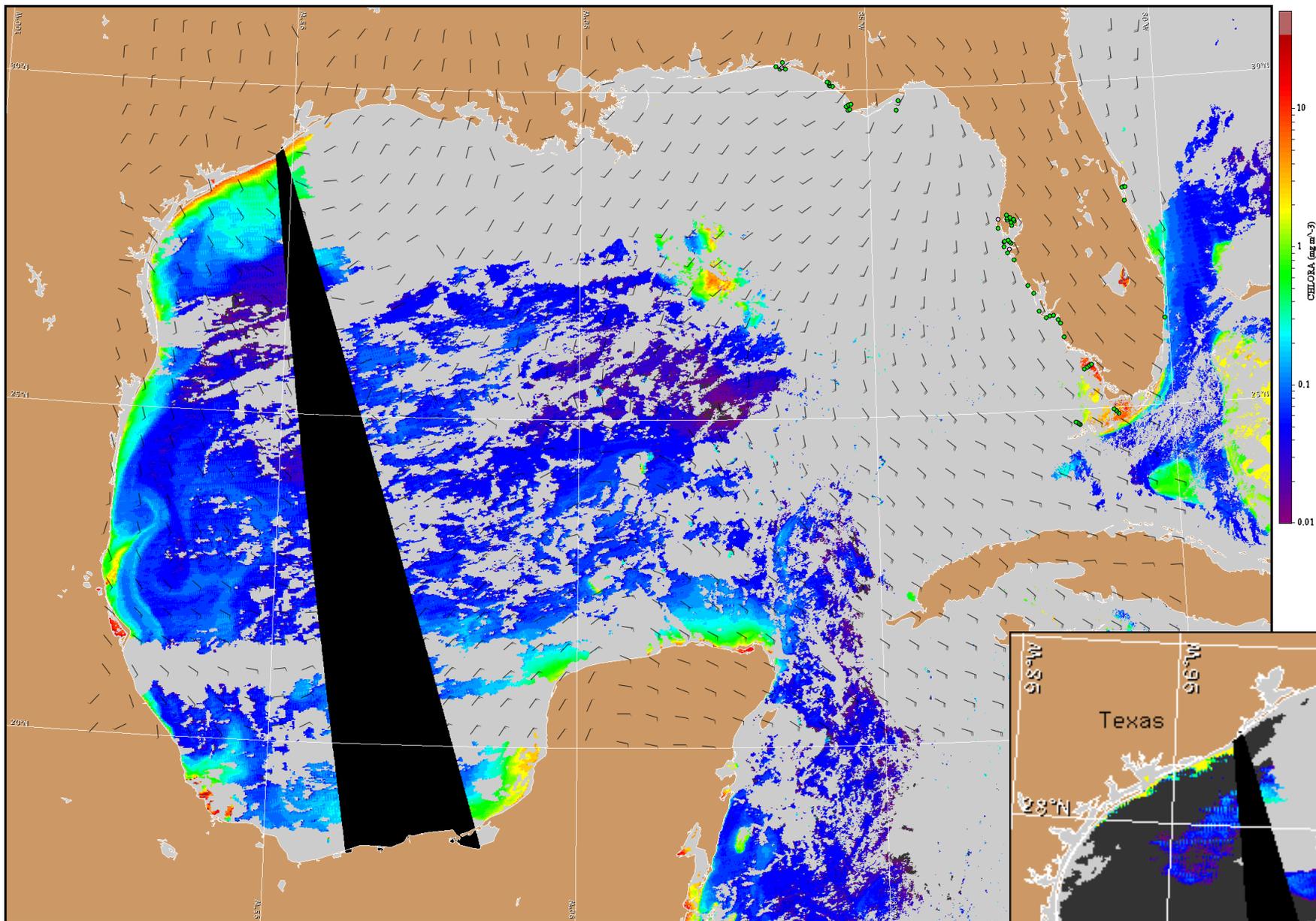
Kavanaugh, Derner



Wind speed and direction are averaged over 12 hours from buoy measurements. Length of line indicates speed; angle indicates direction. Red indicates that the wind direction favors upwelling near the coast. Values to the left of the dotted vertical line are measured values; values to the right are forecasts. Wind observation and forecast data provided by NOAA's National Weather Service (NWS).

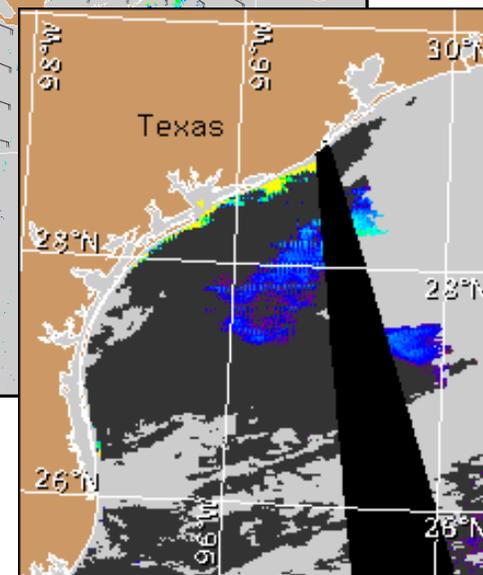
Wind Analysis

Port Aransas: Northwest winds (5-10 kn, 3-5 m/s) today becoming east winds (5-10 kn) tonight. North to northeast winds (5-10 kn) Tuesday becoming southeast winds (5-10 kn) Tuesday night. Northeast to east winds (5-10 kn) Wednesday. Southeast to east winds (5-10 kn) Wednesday night through Friday night.



Satellite chlorophyll image and forecast winds for July 2, 2013 06Z with points representing cell concentration sampling data from June 21 to 27: red (high), orange (medium), yellow (low b), brown (low a), blue (very low b), purple (very low a), pink (present), and green (not present). Cell count data are provided by Texas Parks and Wildlife Department. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide:

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Verified and suspected HAB areas shown in red. Other areas of high chlorophyll concentration shown in yellow (see p. 1 analysis for interpretation).